



ONSITE PHP API

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WURFL OnSite PHP API: User Guide

Please Note: If you are moving from our legacy Database API to PHP API, please refer to our detailed [migration guide](#) to ensure a smooth transition.

Also Note: There are breaking changes in API release v1.8. For documentation of releases before API v1.8 please refer to the README file included with that version. If you need additional help for versions prior to 1.8 feel free to contact us at: support@scientiamobile.com.

Installation

To enable WURFL on your application you must register for a free account on scientiamobile.com and **download the latest release from your [File Manager](#)**. Once you have downloaded the latest release, extract the files to be accessible from your PHP enabled webserver.

Note: The WURFL API is closely tied to the `wurfl.xml` file. New versions of the `wurfl.xml` are compatible with old versions of the API by nature, but the reverse is **not** true. Old versions of the `wurfl.xml` are **not** guaranteed to be compatible with new versions of the API.

Requirements

- PHP \geq 5.4 (suggested 5.6 or higher)
- extension: xml (XMLReader)
- [Composer](#) - The WURFL OnSite PHP API uses Composer which is a tool for dependency management in PHP. It allows you to declare the libraries your project depends on and it will manage (install/update) them for you. Download and instructions can be found [here](#).

Install dependencies

Inside of your project folder, run the following command:

```
composer install --optimize-autoloader --no-dev
```

Adds WURFL PHP API to an existing project using composer.json

If your project uses Composer, you can simplify maintenance by specifying the WURFL PHP API as an [artifact](#) repository:

- copy the WURFL PHP API ZIP package in a folder which will contain the archives
- add the following configuration to your `composer.json`:

```
"repositories": [  
  {
```

```

        "type": "artifact",
        "url": "/path/to/directory/with/zips/"
    }
],
"require": {
    "scientiamobile/wurfl-api": "*"
}

```

- run `composer install` to install the dependencies

Note: To update the package, simply copy the new ZIP archive in the package folder and run `composer update`

Configuring WURFL

Starting in version 1.8.0.0, the API uses a dependency container to configure and inject the required dependencies.

To configure WURFL you need to create a PHP configuration file returning a Container object.

As reference or starting point, please refer to the `config/config.php.example` file.

- Create a new WURFL Dependency Container with optional settings

```

// Example: Create WURFL Dependency Container
$container = new \ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Container\Container([
    'wurfl_snapshot_url' => 'https://data.scientiamobile.com/xxxxx/wurfl.zip',
    'wurfl_capability_filter' => [
        'device_os',
        'device_os_version',
        ...
    ],
    'wurfl_patches' => [
        '/full/path/to/patch-1.xml',
        '/full/path/to/patch-2.xml',
        ...
    ],
    ...
]);

```

The Container takes an optional argument as an associative array of settings with the following keys:

- **wurfl_db**: a full path to the WURFL DB file (default to: `resources/wurfl.xml`)
- **wurfl_snapshot_url**: The [WURFL Snapshot](#) URL from your [customer vault](#) on `scientiamobile.com` (click on "View Account" next to your OnSite license). Ex. `https://data.scientiamobile.com/xxxxx/wurfl.zip`.
- **wurfl_patches**: an array containing the WURFL patches' full path
- **wurfl_capability_filter**: an array with the capabilities to load in order to reduce memory usage and increase performance
- **wurfl_storage_path**: the absolute path to the storage dir. Default to "storage"
- **wurfl_debug**: a boolean that enables the debug mode (default to: `false`)

Note: if `wurfl_snapshot_url` is specified the `wurfl_db` setting will be ignored.

- Create a Storage adapter using either the StorageFactory, or by simply instantiating one of the Storage classes.

The API supports the following storage mechanisms:

- File (default)
- SQLite through the PDO extension
- Redis through the redis extension
- MySQL through the PDO or the mysqli extension
- MongoDB through the mongodb extension
- Memory

```
// Example: Create a File storage adapter
use ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Storage\StorageFactory;
$storage = StorageFactory::createFileStorage('/path/to/storage/folder');
```

- Create a Cache adapter using either the CacheFactory factory, or by simply instantiating one of the Cache classes.

The API supports the following caching mechanisms:

- File (default)
- APCu (APC User Cache)
- Redis
- SQLite
- Memcache
- MySQL
- Null (no caching)

```
// Example: Create a File cache adapter
use ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Cache\CacheFactory;
use ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Cache\CacheAdapterInterface;

// Time to live for cache item
$ttl = CacheAdapterInterface::NEVER; //Default
$cache = CacheFactory::createFileCache($ttl, '/path/to/storage/folder');
```

- Add the storage and cache adapters to the container

```
$container->setStorageAdapter($storage);
$container->setCacheAdapter($cache);
```

Note: Since the default configuration uses the File adapter for both Storage and Caching, you'll need to make sure your webserver can write to the **storage** directories.

Note: As reference on how configure and use the Evaluation version please refer to the section: [WURFL](#)

WURFL Updater

API version 1.8.0.0 introduces WURFL updater; a new command line utility which allows a client using WURFL to automatically update while the standard WURFLEngine is running and serving requests. In order to use the WURFL Updater, you must have your personal WURFL Snapshot URL (wurfl_snapshot_url) in the following format: `https://data.scientiamobile.com/xxxxx/wurfl.zip` where xxxxx is replaced with you personal access token. Also, do note that the `wurfl_storage_path` specified in the dependency container must be writable from the process/task.

The `wurfl-updater` utility is located under:

- `/your/project/root/path/vendor/bin/` for project that uses the API as composer dependency
- `/path/to/wurfl-api/` for project that uses the API as standalone library

The `wurfl-updater` utility can be used to run on demand or periodic updates.

Running "periodic" updates.

This is the suggested configuration since allows to periodically check if a new version of the `wurfl.zip` has been released, and if so, download it and build the repository with the new version.

The simplest way to enable periodic updates is to use a time-based job scheduler like `crontab`:

```
# Crontab example
# ----- minute (0 - 59)
# | ----- hour (0 - 23)
# || ----- day of month (1 - 31)
# || | ----- month (1 - 12) OR jan,feb,mar,apr ...
# || | | ----- day of week (0 - 6) (Sunday=0 or 7) OR sun,mon,tue,wed,thu,fri,sat
# || | | |
# * * * * * <user> <command>

# Run wurfl-updater script with daily frequency
30 3 * * * www-data /path/to/php -d memory_limit=1024M /path/to/wurfl-updater -c /path/to/config.php > /dev/null
```

Running "on demand" update.

```
php -d memory_limit=1024M /path/to/wurfl-updater -c /path/to/config.php
```

On demand update runs only once per call.

WURFL PHP API Basic Usage

```
require_once './vendor/autoload.php';

// Require the dependency container object
$container = require_once './path/to/config/config.php';
// Create a new instance of WURFLEngine
$wurfl_engine = new \ScientiaMobile\WURFL\WURFLEngine($container);
// Get the device for the current request
$device = $wurfl_engine->getDeviceForHttpRequest();
// Get the value for a static capability
$device->getCapability("is_wireless_device");
// Get the value for a virtual capability
$device->getVirtualCapability("is_smartphone");
```

WURFL PHP API Basic Usage for the Evaluation version

The Evaluation package comes with an XML file containing several of our popular WURFL Device Capabilities that can be loaded directly from the API without the use of the WURFL Updater.

```
require_once './vendor/autoload.php';

// Require the dependency container object
$container = new \ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Container();
// Build the WURFL Repository using the WURFL evaluation XML
\ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Repositories\RepositoryManager::build($container);
// Create a new instance of WURFLEngine
$wurfl_engine = new \ScientiaMobile\WURFL\WURFLEngine($container);
// Get the device for the current request
$device = $wurfl_engine->getDeviceForHttpRequest();
// Get the value for a static capability
$device->getCapability("is_wireless_device");
// Get the value for a virtual capability
$device->getVirtualCapability("is_smartphone");
```

Note: Since with this configuration the WURFL repository is built directly from the WURFL API, the first request could takes some seconds to be served

Capability Filtering

In order to reduce memory usage and increase performance, specify a subset of the 500+ WURFL capabilities. You can set the desired capabilities as settings in the Dependency Container:

```
// Example: Create WURFL Dependency Container
$container = new \ScientiaMobile\WURFL\Container\Container([
    'wurfl_capability_filter' => [
        'device_os',
        'device_os_version',
        ...
    ]
]);
```

If you make any changes or add a capability filter, you will need to reload the WURFL file and only the capabilities you've specified will be loaded. Note that the auto-reload system will not detect the change in your configuration and reload the WURFL data automatically, so you will need to either touch the WURFL file or delete your persistence folder.

Note: If you are upgrading from a previous version, remember that starting in WURFL API version 1.8.0.0, you don't need to specify WURFL mandatory capabilities anymore.

Virtual Capabilities

Virtual capabilities are an important feature of the WURFL API that obtain values related to the requesting agent out of the HTTP request as a whole (as opposed to limiting itself to capabilities that are found in WURFL).

In order to compute its final returned value, a virtual capability may look at regular (non-virtual) capabilities as well as parameters derived from the HTTP request at run-time. Virtual capabilities are useful to model aspects of the HTTP Client that are not easily captured through the finite number of profiles in WURFL.

To retrieve the value of a virtual capability, use the `getVirtualCapability()` method from a `Device` object:

```
$is_smartphone = $device->getVirtualCapability('is_smartphone');
```

Variable Name	Type	Description
is_app	enumerable	Tells you if the Requesting HTTP Client is an App or not. The control capability is called <code>controlcap_is_app</code> (virtual_capability group) and can have values <code>default</code> , <code>force_true</code> and <code>force_false</code>
is_smartphone	enumerable	<p>This is a virtual capability that will tell you if a device is a Smartphone for some arbitrary (and subject to change) definition of Smartphone by ScientiaMobile.</p> <p>The virtual capability returns true or false. Patch files can use the <code>is_smartphone</code> control capability to override the value returned by the virtual capability.</p> <p>Control capability <code>is_smartphone</code> can take value <code>default</code>, <code>force_true</code> and <code>force_false</code>.</p>
is_robot	enumerable	<p>This is a virtual capability that tells you if the HTTP Client is a Bot (robot, crawler or other programmable agent that stalks the web).</p> <p>Control capability is <code>is_robot</code> (virtual_capability group) and can have values <code>default</code>, <code>force_true</code> and <code>force_false</code>.</p>
is_mobile	enumerable	This is just an ALIAS for <code>is_wireless_device</code> . There's no control capability associated to this virtual capability.
is_full_desktop	enumerable	This is just an ALIAS for <code>ux_full_desktop</code> . There's no control capability associated to this virtual capability.

Variable Name	Type	Description
is_windows_phone	enumerable	<p>Check if device runs any version of Windows Phone OS.</p> <p>This virtual capability relies on the device_os (product_info group) capability.</p>
is_ios	enumerable	<p>Check if device runs any version of iOS.</p> <p>This virtual capability relies on the device_os (product_info group) capability.</p>
is_android	enumerable	<p>Check if device runs any version of Android OS.</p> <p>This virtual capability relies on the device_os (product_info group) capability.</p>
is_touchscreen	enumerable	<p>This virtual capability tells you whether a device has a touch screen. There is no control capability. Mostly an alias for pointing_method == touchscreen (product_info group) capability.</p>
is_largescreen	enumerable	<p>True if the device has a horizontal screen resolution greater than 320 pixels. Relies on the resolution_width (display group) capability.</p>
is_wml_preferred	enumerable	<p>True if the device is better served with WML. Capability relies on preferred_markup (markup group).</p>
is_xhtmlmp_preferred	enumerable	<p>True if the device is better served with XHTML MP (Mobile Profile). Capability relies on preferred_markup (markup group).</p>

Variable Name	Type	Description
is_html_preferred	enumerable	True if the device is better served with HTML. Capability relies on preferred_markup (markup group).
advertised_device_os	string	This virtual capability will infer the name of the Device OS based on user-agent string analysis (and possibly the analysis of other HTTP headers and WURFL capabilities).
advertised_device_os_version	string	This virtual capability will infer the version of the Device OS based on user-agent string analysis (and possibly the analysis of other HTTP headers and WURFL capabilities).
advertised_browser	string	This virtual capability will infer the name of the browser based on user-agent string analysis (and possibly the analysis of other HTTP headers and WURFL capabilities).
advertised_browser_version	string	This virtual capability will infer the version of the browser based on user-agent string analysis (and possibly the analysis of other HTTP headers and WURFL capabilities).
form_factor	enumerable	This virtual capability will return one of the following values that identify a client's form factor: Desktop, Tablet, Smartphone, Feature Phone, Smart-TV, Robot, Other non-Mobile, Other Mobile
complete_device_name	string	Concatenates brand name, model name and marketing name (where available) of a device into a single string.

Variable Name	Type	Description
is_phone	enumerable	<p>This is a virtual capability that will tell you if a device is a mobile phone .</p> <p>The virtual capability returns true or false. Patch files can use the is_phone control capability to override the value returned by the virtual capability.</p> <p>Control capability is_phone can take value default, force_true and force_false.</p>
is_app_webview	enumerable	This virtual capability returns true if a HTTP request is from an app based webview.
device_name	string	Concatenates brand name and marketing name of a device into a single string. If marketing name is not available, model name is used instead.
advertised_app_name	string	This virtual capability will return the name of the application that generated the User-Agent or the HTTP request.

Enable Fast Desktop Browser Match

Use this option when you have significant amounts of desktop browser traffic compared to mobile device. Will return "generic_web_browser" wurfl_id for the majority of web browsers.

```
// Enable the fast desktop browser match.
$wurfl_engine->enableFastDesktopBrowserMatch();
```

Examples

There is a usage example included with the PHP API in the examples/demo folder.

The file examples/demo/index.php demonstrates how you can use the API to display the capabilities of a visiting device.

IMPORTANT - Decommissioning of MatchMode options Prior to version 1.9 of the API, users could choose between High Accuracy and High Performance engine optimization options. These options had been introduced years ago to manage the behavior of certain web browsers and their tendency to present "always different" User-Agent strings that would baffle strategies to cache similar WURFL queries in

memory. As the problem has been solved by browser vendors, the need to adopt this strategy has diminished and ultimately disappeared (i.e. there was no longer much to be gained with the high-performance mode in most circumstances) and ScientiaMobile elected to "remove" this option to simplify configuration and go in the direction of uniform API behavior in different contexts.

When we wrote "remove" in the previous sentence, we were not being totally accurate. Customers who may find themselves in the unlikely situation of having to analyze significant amounts of legacy web traffic, may still enable the old high-performance internal behavior enabling the "FAST DESKTOP BROWSER MATCH" option in their engine.

Please note that users with the old HIGH PERFORMANCE target engine will not receive an error. The old behavior will not be triggered, though. The default target (corresponding to the old High Accuracy) will be used instead.

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